

Curriculum Map Art & Design 2024-2025

Intent:

'Our aim at West Heath Primary School is to foster greater imagination and creativity in all our pupils.'

At West Heath Primary School, we want children to engage with the arts regularly and explore a range of materials, tools, techniques, and media. Children will experience the fundamentals of art through a broad and balanced curriculum, including exploration of the work of a wide range of artists and makers. They will be guided in the skills required to explore, analyse, and discuss art and be encouraged to combine their knowledge of what constitutes art, specific artists, and techniques with their own experiences to evaluate artworks and to inform their own creative practices.

- Pupils have enough curriculum time to develop their art, craft and design knowledge and skills incrementally.
- The Curriculum encourages autonomy, with a greater emphasis on children developing their creativity through experimentation and individual responses.
- It provides flexible options, enabling links to other topics and resulting in more creative outcomes.
- The curriculum builds, incrementally, pupils' knowledge of the practical, theoretical, and disciplinary learning.
- The curriculum provides teachers with greater clarity over knowledge and skills progression within the four areas.
- The curriculum has an emphasis on developing children's use of sketchbooks throughout to apply skills and knowledge. Lessons provide opportunities to engage with sketchbooks throughout the whole process of creating art, including practising techniques learned as well as developing and evaluating their ideas towards an outcome.
- Teachers will build in confidence that children are given opportunities to develop mastery by revisiting core subject knowledge and applying that knowledge practically in a range of contexts with growing complexity.

The study of art enables pupils to understand, appreciate and contribute to a dimension of life that taps into and expresses human innovation, imagination and thought. (National Society for Education in Art and Design, February 2022, pg10). At an individual level, a high-quality art education can build pupils' ability to 'appreciate and interpret what they observe, communicate what they think and feel, or make what they imagine and invent'. (Making a Mark, Ofsted, March 2012). At its best, the subject is both intellectually challenging and creatively demanding. (Research review series: Art and Design, Ofsted, February 2023).

Kapow Primary's revised Art and design scheme of work aims to inspire pupils and develop their confidence to experiment and invent their own works of art. The scheme is written by experts in their field and designed to give pupils every opportunity to develop their ability, nurture their talent and interests, express their ideas and thoughts about the world, as well as learning about art and artists across cultures and through history. The scheme supports pupils to meet the National curriculum end of key stage attainment targets and has been written to fully cover the National Society for Education in Art and Design's progression competencies. Kapow Primary is an Artsmark partner and can support schools on their Artsmark journey, inspiring children and young people to create, experience, and participate in great arts and culture.

Implementation:

The Kapow Art scheme of work is designed with five strands that run throughout. These are:

- Generating ideas
- Using sketchbooks

- Making skills, including formal elements (line, shape, tone, texture, pattern, colour)
- Knowledge of artists
- Evaluating and analysing

Units of lessons are sequential, allowing children to build their skills and knowledge, applying them to a range of outcomes. The formal elements, a key part of the National Curriculum, are also woven throughout units. Key skills are revisited again and again with increasing complexity in a spiral curriculum model. This allows pupils to revise and build on their previous learning. Units in each year group are organised into four core areas:

- Drawing
- · Painting and mixed media
- Sculpture and 3D
- Craft and design

The units fully scaffold and support essential and age appropriate, sequenced learning, and are flexible enough to be adapted to form cross-curricular links. Creativity and independent outcomes are robustly embedded into the units, supporting students in learning how to make their own creative choices and decisions, so that their art outcomes, whilst still being knowledge-rich, are unique to the pupil and personal.

Lessons are always practical in nature and encourage experimental and exploratory learning with pupils using sketchbooks to document their ideas. Differentiated guidance is available for every lesson to ensure that lessons can be accessed and enjoyed by all pupils and opportunities to stretch pupils' learning are available when required. Knowledge organisers for each unit support pupils by providing a highly visual record of the key knowledge and techniques learned, encouraging recall of skills processes, key facts, and vocabulary. Kapow Primary supports teachers who may lack confidence in their own artistic abilities. Pupil videos created by subject specialists help pupils to see art techniques modelled by experts, to ensure the delivery of Art is of the highest quality. Each unit of lessons includes multiple teacher videos to develop subject knowledge and support ongoing CPD. Kapow has been created with the understanding that many teachers do not feel confident delivering the full Art and design curriculum and every effort has been made to ensure that they feel supported to deliver lessons of a high standard that ensure pupil progression.

Practical Knowledge

All pupils at West Heath Primary school will have the opportunity to develop their **technical proficiency** by:

- Using a range of materials creatively to design and make products to use drawing, painting, and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences, and imagination.
- Using a range of materials creatively to design and make products.
- Developing a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form, and space
- Creating sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.
- Improving their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting, and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay].
- Developing their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation, and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft, and design.

Theoretical Knowledge

All pupils at West Heath Primary school will have the opportunity to learn about cultural and contextual content by:

- Considering the meanings and interpretations behind works of art that they study and explore artists' materials and processes.
- Knowing about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.
- Learning about great artists, architects, and designers in history.

Disciplinary Knowledge

All pupils at West Heath Primary school will have the opportunity to learn how art is **studied, discussed, and judged** by:

- Asking and understanding, what is art?
- Understanding, why people make art?
- Understanding, how do people talk about art?
- Developing their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation, and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft, and design.
- Learning about great artists, architects, and designers in history.
- Knowing what kind of art, craft and design work is currently being created and celebrated in galleries, industry, and the fields of new and emergent technology.

Wider Opportunities

All pupils at West Heath Primary school will have the opportunity to explore the wider art curriculum by:

- Participating in after school art, craft, and design clubs.
- Experiencing, listening, and appreciating professionals within the art industry.
- Learning about art culture and repertoire from external providers.
- Visiting external art establishments/displays.
- Displaying and celebrating their Art in school and at the arts festival.

Pedagogy & Assessment

• Teachers routinely model work effectively, provide clear explanations and point out connections between content, supporting pupils, including pupils who need the most support, to learn the curriculum in the long term.

- Teachers are clear about what they want pupils to learn. They make sure that pupils practise the building blocks of subject knowledge along the way. Pupils have sufficient repeated encounters with concepts, they have sufficient practice 'in the moment' when learning practical knowledge.
- Teachers design and plan activities; they are clear about the knowledge they want pupils to learn. Teachers use the teaching methods that will best enable pupils to know and remember this content in the long term.
- Teachers plan classroom activity to teach disciplinary knowledge and are clear about which concrete examples they require pupils to use.
- Teachers plan alternative sites for learning, such as galleries, exhibitions, community projects and/or the studios of practising artists, designers, and craft-makers.
- Teachers make subject-specific adaptations to activities for pupils with SEND, where appropriate, without lowering expectations.
- Formative Assessment Occurs throughout the learning process, through dialogue and conversation. The curriculum is built around the several assessment areas: generating ideas, using sketchbooks, making skills (Including formal elements), knowledge of artists, evaluating and analysing.
- Self and Peer Review It builds on the long tradition of the 'crit' or 'critique' prevalent in the wider world of art educations. Pupils know objectives and success criteria to enable them to review successfully.
- Summative Assessment Assessment materials and quizzes are used for each unit of work. Art does not always have a linear path, because we need to value creativity and individuality. Progress is demonstrated using sketchbooks to record ideas, reflections, critical analysis of artists, and development of technical skills. Each sketchbook is unique, enabling pupils to develop their independence and creativity.

Impact:

Kapow Primary's curriculum is designed in such a way that children are involved in evaluation, dialogue and decision making about the quality of their outcomes and the improvements they need to make. By taking part in regular discussions and decision-making processes, children will not only know facts and key information about art, but they will be able to talk confidently about their own learning journey, have higher metacognitive skills and have a growing understanding of how to improve.

The impact of Kapow Primary's scheme can be constantly monitored through both formative and summative assessment opportunities. Each lesson includes guidance to support teachers in assessing pupils against the learning objectives. An assessment spreadsheet including the learning outcomes for children with secure understanding and those working at greater depth enables teachers to keep records of summative assessments for each child.

After the implementation of Kapow Primary's Art and design scheme, pupils should leave primary school equipped with a range of techniques and the confidence and creativity to form a strong foundation for their Art and design learning at Key Stage 3 and beyond.

The expected impact of following the Kapow Primary Art and design scheme of work is that children will:

- Produce creative work, exploring and recording their ideas and experiences.
- Be proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft, and design techniques.
- Evaluate and analyse creative works using subject-specific language.
- Know about great artists and the historical and cultural development of their art.
- Meet the end of key stage expectations outlined in the National curriculum for Art and design.

ART & DESIGN

CURRICULUM MAP

Year 1

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic	TOYS	REMEMBRANCE	OUR LOCAL AREA	SEASONS	INTREPID EXPLORERS	SEASIDE
Outcome	Design Technology	Art & Design Drawing: Make your Mark Poppies	Art & Design Painting and Mixed Media: Colour Splash Clarice Cliff Plates	Art & Design Sculpture and 3D: Paper Play Seasonal Trees	Design Technology	Design Technology
HEAD		Learning Objective:	Learning Objective:	Learning Objective:		
(Knowledge)		To know how to create different types of lines. To explore line and mark making to draw water. To draw with different media. To develop an understanding of mark making. To apply an understanding of drawing materials and mark	To know what the primary colours are. To explore coloured materials to mix secondary colours. To mix primary colours to make secondary colours. To apply paint consistently to their printing materials to achieve a print.	To roll paper tubes and attach them to a base securely. To make choices about their sculpture, e.g. how they arrange the tubes on the base or the colours they place next to each other. To shape paper strips in a variety of ways to make 3D drawings.		

	making to draw from observation. Artists: Bridget Riley, Zaria Forman	To use a range of colours when printing. To mix five different shades of a secondary colour. To decorate their hands using a variety of patterns. To mix secondary colours with confidence to paint a plate. To describe their finished plates. Artists: Clarice Cliff	To glue their strips to a base in an interesting arrangement, overlapping some strips to add interest. To create a tree of life sculpture that includes several different techniques for shaping paper. To work successfully with others, sustaining effort over a time. To paint with good technique, ensuring good coverage. Artists: Marco Balich, Samantha Stephenson, Louise Bourgeois	
HANDS (Skills)	To describe the lines in the work of an artist and in my own work. To understand that there are different types of lines and can experiment with different resources to create them. To hold a pencil and chalk in different ways to experiment with the line I create and		Success Criteria: To roll paper to make a cylinder. To combine paper cylinders to make a sculpture. To adapt my ideas as I work. To fold and roll paper to create 3D shapes. To choose how to arrange the paper shapes to make a 3D drawing.	

work in the style of a	To overlap paper strips on	
modern artist.		
modern artist.	my 3D drawing.	
To the discusion meets viole to	To plan a soulature hu	
To use drawing materials to	To plan a sculpture by	
make different lines and	drawing my ideas first.	
marks reflecting what I can		
hear in music.	To use at least three	
	different techniques for	
To know there are many	shaping paper.	
different ways of drawing		
lines, that they feel different	To add detail to my tree.	
to make, and that they look		
different.	To work cooperatively.	
To add plants and creatures	To create different parts of a	
to bring art to life.	sculpture.	
To evaluate my art and the	To secure parts of the	
work of others using the	sculpture together.	
language I have learnt.	sculpture together.	
language i nave learne.	To know that 2D coulpture	
To draw around a variety of	To know that 3D sculpture	
*	can be created from a range	
shapes.	of materials.	
To know that my shapes can	To use different tools to	
overlap.	paint with.	
To experiment variety of	To work as part of a	
different media in this piece.	collaborative project.	
To say which medium I	To paint onto 3D surfaces	
prefer and why.	using appropriate methods.	
To experiment with different		
marks and use marks to		
show texture.		

(Values)	Respect Honesty Empathy conduction Resilience Determination Excellence
HEART	Respect Honesty Empathy Collaboration Resilience Determination Excellence
	To layer different materials to experiment creating
	marks.
	To use a range of drawing tools to create different
	create different types of lines.
	To control a pen/pencil to
	to identify shapes, lines and textures.
	To look carefully at an object
	To use one type of drawing tool in lots of different ways.
	am drawing.
	importance of looking carefully and closely when I
	To understand the

	ART & DESIGN						
	CURRICULUM MAP						
	Year 2						
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	

Topic	THE GREAT FIRE OF LONDON	THE	THE UK	AFRICA	TITANIC	HOT & COLD
		GUNPOWDER				PLACES
		PLOT				
Outcome	Art & Design	Design	Art & Design	Design	Art & Design	Design
	Sculpture & 3D: Clay Houses	Technology	Craft & Design: Map it Out	Technology	Painting & Mixed Media: Life in	Technology
	Rachel Whiteread Clay Houses		Matthew Cusick Map Pictures		Colour	
					Titanic	
HEAD	Learning Objective:		Learning Objective:		Learning Objective:	
(Knowledge)	To use hands as a tool to shape		To investigate maps as a		To develop knowledge of colour	
(Kilowieuge)	clay.		stimulus for drawing.		mixing.	
	To shape a pinch pot and join				To know how texture can be	
	clay shapes as decoration.		To experiment with a craft technique to develop an idea.		created with paint.	
	To use impressing and joining				To use paint to explore texture	
	techniques to decorate a clay		To develop ideas and apply craft		and pattern.	
	tile.		skills when printmaking.		To compose a collage, choosing	
	To use drawing to plan the		To present artwork and		and arranging materials for	
	features of a 3D model.		evaluate it against a design		effect.	
	To make a 3D clay tile from a		brief.		To evaluate and improve	
	drawn design.		Artists: Matthew Cusick		artwork.	
	Artists: Rachel Whiteread				Artists: Romare Bearden	

HANDS	Success Criteria:	Success Criteria:	Success Criteria:
(Skills)	To flatten clay to make a smooth surface.	To sort images into groups and explain my choices.	To name the primary and secondary colours.
	To shape clay using hands. To make different marks in clay by pressing into it.	To draw a familiar journey. To make my map interesting by using colour and including	To describe what happens when two secondary colours are mixed.
	To shape clay to make a model. To use the pinching technique	detail. To make an abstract composition.	To make choices about how to make colours lighter or darker. To describe colours and
	to shape a pot. To use fingers and thumbs to make the sides of the pot even.	To simplify a drawn idea, looking for big shapes and important lines.	To choose painting tools to recreate a texture.
	To join clay to help decorate pot.	To cut, layer and arrange shapes.	To mix a range of secondary colours.
	To describe ideas about the work of artist Rachel Whiteread.	To use simple lines and shapes from my map drawing to design a printing tile.	To explain the word 'collage'. To choose materials and tools
	To roll a smooth clay tile.	To improve my print.	to make textures with paint.
	To create a pattern by pressing into and joining pieces onto my tile.	To make choices about how to use my prints to make an artwork.	To mix colours to match something that can be seen. To choose collage materials
	To draw a house that will be made into a clay tile.	To compare my craft artworks and describe which is my	based on colour and texture. To describe how my choices
	To decide how to create features like a door, windows, and the roof in clay.	favourite and why.	match my ideas.

	To label my drawing accurately. To use the design to guide clay	To talk about which artwork best meets the brief.	To try out different arrangements of materials, including overlapping.
	work.	To make choices about how to display our artworks effectively.	To say what I like or don't like about artwork.
	To use both pressing in and joining clay techniques on the tile.		To talk about how I could
	To evaluate the finished tile and say how it reflects the design.		improve my work. To choose which materials and
			tools to use.
HEART	Respect Honesty	Empathy Collaboration	Resilience Determination Excellence
(Values)			

			ART & DESIGN				
	CURRICULUM MAP						
	Year 3						
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Topic	STONE AGE	BRONZE AGE	BIOMES- SAVANNAH	HOW DOES YOUR GARDEN GROW?	THE EGYPTIANS	BIRMINGHAM	
Outcome	Art & Design Sculpture & 3D: Abstract Shape Skara Brae Sculptures	Design Technology	Art & Design Drawing: Growing Artists Life in Africa	Design Technology	Art & Design Craft & Design: Ancient Egyptian Scrolls Egyptian Scrolls	Design Technology	

HEAD (Knowledge)	Learning Objective: To join 2D shapes to make 3D structures. To join materials in different ways when working in 3D. To develop ideas for 3D artwork. To apply knowledge of sculpture when working in 3D. To evaluate and improve an artwork. Artists: Robert Morris, Sir Anthony Caro, Ruth Asawa and Paul Hassel.	Learning Objective: To recognise how artists use shape in drawing. To understand how to create tone in drawing by shading. To understand how texture can be created and used to make art. To apply observational drawing skills to create detailed studies. Artists: Max Ernst and Maud Purdy	Learning Objective: To investigate the style, pattern and characteristics of Ancient Egyptian art. To apply design skills inspired by the style of an ancient civilisation. To apply understanding of ancient techniques to construct a new material. To apply drawing and painting skills in the style of an ancient civilisation. To apply an understanding of Egyptian art to develop a
HANDS	Success Criteria:	Success Criteria:	contemporary response. Success Criteria:
(Skills)	To define sculpture. To try different ways to join card	To recognise and draw simple shapes in objects.	To discuss Ancient Egyptian art to understand more about it.
	shapes. To build a 3D structure that stands up on its own.	To identify both organic and geometric shapes. To use shapes to form the basis of my own drawing.	To look closely to identify colours, patterns, and shapes. To record what I see in my sketchbook, trying out: different drawing materials,

	To try out more than one way to	To know that tone refers to	working on different surfaces,
	join 3D shapes.	the light and dark areas of an	experimenting with
		object or artwork.	composition.
	To work with a partner to make		
	larger structures.	To use the side of a pencil so	To make decisions about how I
		that the lead is flat to the	want to represent information
	To problem solve if something I	paper.	through images.
	try doesn't work first time.		
		To shade in one direction,	To plan a design for a scroll
	To identify 2D shapes in photos of	with no gaps and straight	thinking about key features of
	3D objects.	edges.	the artwork of the Ancient
			Egyptians.
	To identify shapes in the	To blend from light to and	
	background space between	dark to dark light creating	To apply my knowledge of
	objects (negative space).	smooth tones.	their style to plan appropriate
			colours and patterns for my
	To use drawings to plan a	To create different textures on	design.
	sculpture.	paper by using a rubbing	
		technique.	To use knowledge of an
	To follow my sketchbook plan.		ancient process to make a
		To change the tool or colour	modern alternative.
	To make choices about how to	that I use to change how my	
	join materials.	rubbing looks.	To follow instructions
			carefully.
	To adapt my ideas if things do not	To apply the technique of	
	go to plan.	another artist.	To review what worked well
			and what I could improve on.
	To compare two sculptor's work.	To tear and shape my rubbings	
		to create a final piece.	To use a design and accurately
	To say what I like and what I		translate it to a new surface.
	could change about my sculpture.	To use simple shapes to sketch	
		the form of an organic object.	To use materials and tools
	To choose how to add texture		carefully to show precision in
	and colour to the surfaces of my	To add detail using careful	my work.
İ	sculpture.	observation.	

(Values)		,				
HEART	Respect	Honesty	Empathy	Collaboration	Resilience	Determination Excellence
						To inform my audience about my subject with relevant information.
						text and materials to make my zine interesting.
						To use a variety of images,
						To follow instructions to create a zine.
						my own and other people's work.
						To suggest improvements in
			SKI			work.
			l o ski	add tone using shading		To mix and use colours that are appropriate to the style of

	ART & DESIGN								
	CURRICULUM MAP								
	Year 4								
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
Topic	ROMANS	ANGLO-SAXONS	EGG TECHNOLOGY	WATER WORLD	POWER IT UP	EUROPE			
Outcome	Design Technology	Art & Design Drawing: Power Prints	Design Technology	Art & Design Craft & Design: Fabric of Nature	Design Technology	Art & Design			

	Anglo-Saxon Design Print	Water Design Fabric	Painting & Mixed Media: Light
			& Dark Still Life Drawing
HEAD	Learning Objective:	Learning Objective:	Learning Objective:
(Knowledge)	To draw using tone to create a 3D effect. To explore proportion and tone when drawing. To plan a composition for a mixed-media drawing. To use shading techniques to create pattern and contrast. To work collaboratively to develop drawings into prints. Artists: Ed Ruscha, George Seurat, Henri Matisse & Henry Moore	To understand starting points in a design process. To explore techniques to develop imagery. To explore using a textile technique to develop patterns. To learn how to create a repeating pattern. To understand how art is made for different purposes. Artists: Ruth Daniels, Senaka Senanayake, William Morris and Megan Carter	To understand how to darken or lighten a colour when mixing paint. To use tints and shades to give a three-dimensional effect when painting. To explore how paint can create very different effects. To consider proportion and composition when planning a still life painting. To apply knowledge of colour mixing and painting techniques to create a finished piece.
			Artists: Paul Cezanne, Clara Peeters and Audrey Flack

HANDS	Success Criteria:	Success Criteria:	Success Criteria:
(Skills)	To experiment with shading to create different tones.	To describe images and objects using art vocabulary.	To add white paint to one colour to create a tint.
	To use contrasting tones to make a drawing look three-dimensional.	To select images that interest me to draw.	To add black paint to one colour to create a shade.
	To explore more than one way of holding a pencil to create different effects.	To gather images, shapes and colours together, identifying a mood/theme.	To investigate creating a wide range of colours by mixing tints and shades.
	To explore charcoal as a drawing material.	To discuss the inspiration for an artist's work.	To describe the way colours change in different lights.
	To look for light and dark areas and recreate these using tone.	To choose interesting sections of one picture to draw.	To add black to make a colour darker and add white to make a colour lighter.
	To show how big one object is compared to another when I draw.	To use materials and tools to show colour and texture.	To use just one original colour in my painting and only change
	To use scissors with precision. To make decisions about how to	To discuss the work and patterns created by William Morris.	it by adding black, white or water.
	place drawn elements in my composition.	To create a pattern using a drawing.	To describe how I created a paint effect.
	To create contrast by combining different shapes, sizes and textures.	To develop a pattern using inspiration taken from research.	To use a painting tool in a new way.
	To draw tone by 'hatching' parallel pencil lines.	To identify where a pattern repeats.	To use tints and shades of colour to make my painted object appear 3D.
	To choose an interesting part of my composition to recreate.	To create a repeating pattern.	To explain what composition means.

		nge of scratched marks trast and patterns.		evelop a pattern by add a detail.	ding	To choose and arrange objects to create my own still life
	10 444 5511	trast and patterns.	CALL	a detain	composition.	
		-operatively with my		lentify where a pattern		To coloct increase data il to
	group.	group.		ats.		To select important detail to include in my composition
	To experim techniques	ent with printing	Тос	reate a repeating patter	rn.	sketch.
				evelop a pattern by add	ling	To organise the equipment, I
	To include a print.	contrast and pattern in	extra	a detail.		will need to paint using my chosen technique.
				ecognise and compare		
				rent methods of creating ted fabric.	ng	To show light and dark by using tints and shades of colour.
			cons	valuate my patterns to ider successes and rovements.		To show what I have learned about techniques in the way I paint.
				onsider how my designs d be used for a product.		
HEART	Respect H	onesty Empath	l l		Determination	on Excellence
(Values)	•	, .	•			
			ART & DESIG	SN .		
			CURRICULUM M	AP		
			Year 5			
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic	VICTORIANS	GROWING UP &	GLOBAL TRADES	MOUNTAINS -	LET'S GET	COAST
		GROWING OLD		ITALY	MOVING	
Outcome	Art & Design	Art & Design	Design Technology	Design Technology	Design Technology	Art & Design

	Craft & Design: Architecture Victorian Buildings	Painting & Mixed Media: Portraits Self-Portraits		Inspired by Coast
HEAD	Learning Objective:	Learning Objective:		Learning Objective:
(Knowledge)	To apply observational drawing skills to interpret forms accurately. To apply composition skills	To explore how a drawing can be developed. To combine materials		To identify and compare features of art installations. To investigate the effect of space and scale when creating 3D art.
	to develop a drawing into print.	for effect. To identify the		To problem-solve when constructing 3D artworks.
	To apply an understanding of architecture to design a building.	features of self- portraits.		To plan an installation that communicates an idea.
	To extend design ideas through research and sketchbook use.	To develop ideas towards an outcome by experimenting with materials and		To apply their knowledge of installation art and develop ideas into a finished piece.
	To explore and evaluate the intention of a design.	techniques. To apply knowledge		Artists: Cai Guo-Qiang, Fernando & Humberto Campana, Yoo, Hyun Mi
	Artists: Zaha Hadid and Friedensreich Hundertwasser	and skills to create a mixed media self-portrait.		
		Artists: Chila Kumari Singh Burman, Vincent		

		van Gogh, Njideka Akunyili		
HANDS	Success Criteria:	Success Criteria:		Success Criteria:
(Skills)	To sketch basic shapes lightly to plan the composition of my drawing.	To draw a portrait using the continuous line method.		To give a definition for installation art. To identify similarities and
	To measure features roughly to help work out	To vary the size, shape and position of the words for interest.		differences between art installations.
	the right proportion. To look closely to draw	To explore the way a background can change the effect of a		To analyse artworks and justify my ideas.
	details accurately. To evaluate my drawing as I	drawing.		To justify my opinions of installation artworks.
	work, making adjustments if needed.	To explain what I want my photo composition to be.		To work safely when creating my model installation space.
	To select an interesting area from my house drawing using cropping methods.	To decide the best position for my line drawing when copying		To create the effect of a large- scale space when photographing my box.
	To go over my drawing firmly (without pressing the paper) to create a clear	it onto the background. To use art vocabulary		To suggest the effect on the viewer of being in my model installation space.
	print. To evaluate my composition and print.	to describe similarities and differences between portraits.		To adapt everyday objects and make them interesting for the viewer.
	composition and printi			

HEART	Respect F	Honesty Empathy	Collaboration	Resilience	Determinat	ion Excellence
	To describe my interpretation of a monument.					
	symbolise a person or event.	self-portrait that represents an aspect of my identity.				
	make monuments. To design a monument to	To use my chosen medium to create a				when displaying my installation art.
	inspired by the style of an artist. To explain why people,	To explain why my choice of medium matches my idea.				To show what I have learned about installation art in my final idea. To explain the choices I have ma
	To develop new ideas	intention of my self- portrait.				be interactive.
	To select information and present it in an interesting way.	photograph. To describe the				in my installation. To describe how installations ca
	Hundertwasser's work.	three different ideas when adapting my				To describe how I have consider space, materials and arrangeme
	choices, I made. To recognise and describe	To try out at least				To identify how my installation idea might make the viewer fee
	To justify the design	To give a definition of mixed media.				installation.
	front elevation view or a perspective plan.	message behind a self- portrait.				To choose a clear message for m
	To draw my design with a	To justify my opinion when discussing the				a space and find the best way to display it.
	To design a building, following a brief.	portrait.				To move my object around with
	architect.	when discussing the message behind a self-				ideas if something doesn't work first time.

ART & DESIGN

CURRICULUM MAP

Year 6

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic	WW2	BRITAIN SINCE 1945	THE RIVERS	SATs	TRANSITION	TRANSITION
	Design Technology	Art & Design Drawing: Make My Voice Heard Powerful Imagery BECOMES BECO	Art & Design Craft & Design: Photo Opportunity Recreating Art		Art & Design Sculpture & 3D: Making Memories Memory Box	Design Technology
HEAD		Learning Objective:	Learning Objective:		Learning Objective:	
(Knowledge)		To explore expressive drawing techniques. To consider how symbolism in art can convey meaning. To apply understanding of the drawing technique chiaroscuro. To evaluate the context and intention of street art. To apply an understanding of impact and effect to create a powerful image.	To apply an understanding of composition to create an effective photomontage advertising poster. To apply an understanding of abstract art through photography. To demonstrate an understanding of design choices using digital photography techniques.		To analyse how art can explore the concept of self. To explore sculptural techniques. To use creative experience to develop ideas and plan a sculpture. To apply an understanding of materials and techniques to work in 3D. To problem solve, evaluate and refine artwork to achieve a chosen outcome.	

	Artists: Diego Rivera, Dan Fenelon & Pablo Picasso	To apply an understanding of photography to design and recreate a famous painting. To demonstrate observation and proportion to create art in a photorealistic style. Artists: Hannah Hock, Chris Plowman, Graham Holland, Edward Weston, Derrick Ofosu Boateng, Edvard Munch, Oscar Ukonu, Michael Gaskell & Sarah Graham	Artists: Yinka Shinobare, Judith Scott, Nicola Anthony, Louise Nevelson & Joseph Cornell
HANDS	Success Criteria:	Success Criteria:	Success Criteria:
(Skills)	To collect information to identify the key features of Maya art. To explore mark making using a range of handmade tools To make comparisons between different artworks. To draw my Maya spirit companion and consider its meaning. To generate a range of symbols, patterns and colours that represent me.	To explain what a photomontage is. To select appropriate images and experiment with composition to create an interesting layout. To work in the style of an artist to meet a design brief. To explore the artists who use photography to record and observe. To compose a close-up photograph of a natural form.	To identify common themes within different artworks. To consider how I can use art to express myself. To reflect on my work and choices. To generate a selection of memories from primary school. To represent ideas within a composition of shapes. To create a cardboard relief sculpture.
	To take inspiration from an artist's style.	To make decisions about cropping, editing and presenting	To discuss the approach of different artists and consider how this may influence my own work.

To discuss the effect of light and	photographic images in the style	To use my sketchbook to test and	
dark on an object and consider	of Edward Weston.	develop ideas into a plan.	
how to draw it.	or Edward Weston.	uevelop ideas into a pian.	
now to draw it.	T-1	The state of the s	
	To know the terms macro and	To explain what I need and how I will	
To explain the term Chiaroscuro	monochromatic.	make my sculpture.	
and understand how it can be			
used for effect.	To discuss the features of a	To use my plans to construct 3D	
	design and reflect on the effect.	forms.	
To create form by applying			
chiaroscuro to a tonal drawing.	To make design choices to plan,	To combine materials and techniques	
	select and arrange props in an	to fit my ideas.	
To discuss the similarities and	interesting composition to meet a		
differences between art styles.	design brief.	To work independently,	
,	o a constant of the constant o	experimenting with tools and	
To discuss ideas about 'what art	To edit a photograph to emulate	materials.	
is' or 'should be' and justify	the style of another artist.	That contains	
choices.	the style of unother urdst.	To identify areas of my work to	
choices.	To choose and analyse a painting	refine.	
To identify something I feel	to understand its meaning and	Terme.	
	notice its features.	To coloct annualista to also and	
strongly about and consider	notice its features.	To select appropriate tools and	
how to represent it through a		materials to improve my work.	
drawing.	To make design decisions to		
	select and arrange props to	To reflect on my work and personal	
To analyse how an artist	replicate a painting in a	development as an artist.	
conveys a message.	photographic way.		
To use my creative work to	To use photographic equipment		
develop an idea, applying	appropriately, considering		
drawing techniques for visual	composition and lighting for		
impact and effect.	effect.		
To work independently,	To use the grid drawing method		
revisiting and reviewing my	to translate a photo into a		
work to develop it.	drawing using careful		
	observation.		

HEART (Values)	Respect	Honesty	photo drawii	realistic painting or	Resilience	Determination	Excellence	
				oose and use materials ively to create a				
			metho	derstand how the grid od helps me to retain the proportions as an origina				